

TECHNICAL MANUAL

FOR

MODEL 6564

HIGH RESISTANCE SCANNER

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TM6564-C-00 26 April, 2011

WARRANTY AND SERVICE

CERTIFICATION: Guildline Instrument Limited certifies that this product was tested and inspected and found to meet its published specifications when it was shipped from the factory.

WARRANTY: This product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from date of shipment. During the warranty period, Guildline Instrument Limited will, at its option, either repair or replace products that prove to be defective.

SERVICE: For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to the factory. The buyer shall prepay shipping charges to Guildline Instrument Limited and Guildline Instrument Limited shall pay surface shipping to the buyer. Permission must be obtained from the factory for warranty repair returns.

LIMITATIONS: The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by the buyer, or unauthorized modifications or misuse.

Neither Guildline Instrument Limited nor any of its employees shall be liable for any direct or indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of this product.

No other warranty is expressed or implied.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with IEC1010-1/EN61010-1 including amendment 1(1995) for insulation category II use. Use of this equipment in a manner not specified could result in personal injury.

AC POWER SOURCE: This product is intended to operate from an ac power source that will apply not more than 264 V ac between either of the supply conductors and ground.

POWER CORD: Use only the power cord and connector appropriate for the voltage and plug configuration in your country. The cord must contain a safety ground conductor and be connected to a plug that has a connection to earth ground. Use only a power cord that is in good condition.

SIGNAL INPUT POWER: Signals applied to the input or output terminals must be limited to levels deemed safe by the IEC/EN specifications. When applied voltages are above 30 volts, the current source must limit the current to not more than 2 milliamps.

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. DESCRIPTION

The Guildline Low Thermal Scanner, with extremely low leakage, is ideal for automating precision high value measurements to ppm accuracy. This scanner has high isolation and low noise making it suitable for a wide variety of uses. It can be used for high resistance measurements into the Peta-Ohms as well as low current measurements into the fempto-Amps.

Special care has been taken to minimize leakage and noise susceptibility. The switches used are latching relays requiring only a few millisecond pulses to actuate. Several systems are used to protect the devices connected to the scanner from being damaged by operator error or scanner failure. It can be operated from the front panel or by commands sent over the General Purpose Interface Bus.

The 6564 has been designed in a modular fashion in banks of 8 channels. It is possible to have either 16 channels or 8 channels installed. A cover plate is installed on the front and rear of the 8 channel models covering the channels 9 through 16. This allows for the 8 channel model to be factory upgraded to 16 at any time.

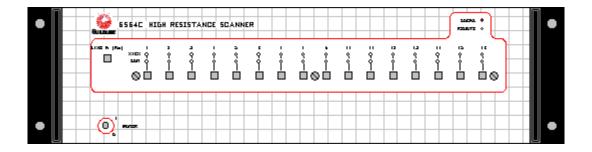


Figure 1-1 High Resistance Scanner Guildline Model 6564



1.2. SPECIFICATIONS

NUMBER OF INPUTS

8 or 16 for Model 6564

ISOLATION **

700 Peta-Ohms Typical, 100 Peta-Ohms Minimum

SYSTEMATIC ERROR DUE CHANNEL VARIABILITY **

Leakage will vary by 3.3% of 100 Peta-Ohms typical, 5% of 100 Peta-Ohms maximum.

ENVIRONMENTAL LIMITS

Operating: 10° C to 40° C up to 80% relative humidity Storage: -20° C to 65° C up to 95% relative humidity

** Note: Specifications apply only if temperature is stable within 1°C, free of drafts and the relative humidity is below 70%. Warm the scanner up for 2 hours min.

SCANNER CONTROL

Local, using front panel push-buttons

Remote, via IEEE-488 bus (interface included)

RELAY CONTACT RATINGS

Life: greater than 10,000,000 cycles at low levels

Current: 2 amps maximum at 10 volts

Voltage switched: 100 volts maximum at 1 milliamp

Voltage non-switched*: 1000 volts max. (for terminal inputs)

*CAUTION - reduce voltage before actuating relays.

NOTE: when applied voltage is above 30 volts, the current source must limit the current to less than 2 milliamps to meet IEC 1010-1/EN61010-1 safety requirements.

SIZE

Length: 420 mm (16.5 in.) Width: 451 mm (17.7 in.) Height:133 mm (5.2 in.)

WEIGHT

16 channel scanner: 10 kg (23 lb.)

LINE POWER

100V, 115V-127V, 220V-230V, 240V all ±10%; 50-60 Hz



1.3. REAR PANEL CONNECTIONS

SCANNER INPUTS

Low noise High Voltage BNC for voltage source, Low noise Triax for input (low current return).

OUTPUT LINES

Two low noise N-Type connectors, one each for source and input.

INTERFACE BUS

24 pin IEEE-488 connector, CINCH No. 57-20240

REFERENCE STANDARD PROTECTION

Screw terminals connected to open collector TTL logic circuit. Terminal goes low (0 volts) when any relay is closed, and goes high (5 volts through 10k ohm) when all relays are open. This line can be connected in parallel with other scanners cascaded in a large system to protect standards from being shorted together.

1.4. REFERENCE STANDARD PROTECTION SYSTEMS

Three systems are used to help protect standards from being damaged due to scanner failure or operator error. These systems are described briefly below. See Theory of Operation Section for complete description.

- a. The relays are driven from a decoder so that only one output circuit can be activated for any possible input combination.
- b. Contacts on each relay are connected in series so that all input lines must be open before power is available to close a relay.
- c. Two push-buttons must be depressed at the same time to actuate any relay, which requires two hands to operate.



2. INSTALLATION

2.1. INITIAL INSPECTION

This instrument was carefully inspected both mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be free of mars and scratches and in perfect electrical order upon receipt.

Unpack the instrument and retain the shipping container until the instrument has been inspected for damage in shipment. If in-shipment damage is observed, notify the carrier and obtain authorization for repairs before returning the instrument to the factory.

2.2. POWER REQUIREMENTS

The instrument is shipped with a either three-wire line cord or external power pack. Both configurations must be connected to a grounded 50 to 60 Hz ac power source. This product will operate at between 100V and 240V all $\pm 10\%$.

WARNING: BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, THE PROTECTIVE TERMINAL OF THIS INSTRUMENT MUST BE CONNECTED TO A PROTECTIVE EARTH CONTACT. THE POWER LINE CORD SUPPLIED WILL PROVIDE THE PROTECTIVE GROUNDING WHEN INSERTED INTO A SOCKET OUTLET PROVIDED WITH AN EARTH CONTACT. THE PROTECTIVE ACTION MUST NOT BE NEGATED BY THE USE OF AN EXTENSION CORD OR ADAPTOR WITHOUT A PROTECTIVE GROUNDING CONDUCTOR.

2.3. LOCATION

To insure optimum performance, the scanner should be installed in an area having reasonably constant temperature, no strong electrostatic or magnetic fields, and a minimum amount of vibration. The unit should not be located near heating or cooling vents or in direct sunlight. Such locations can cause sudden temperature changes resulting in generation of thermal errors in the measurements. A cloth can be placed over the binding posts on the rear panel (and at the connections to your devices) to shield it from drafts to further reduce thermal errors.



3. OPERATION

3.1. FRONT PANEL CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

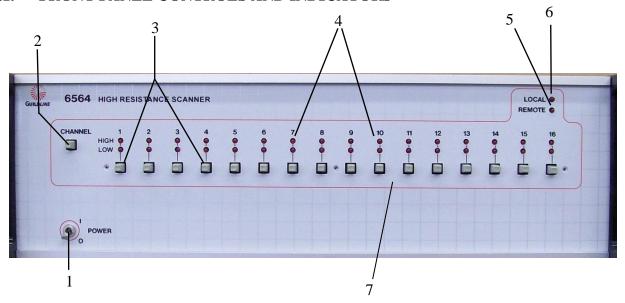


Figure 3-1 Front Panel Guildline Model 6564

- 1. Line POWER on/off switch
- 2. LINE A push-button when depressed will cause any relay on the A line to be cleared.
- 3. Numbered relay control push-buttons when depressed at the same time that either the A LINE or the B LINE push-button is depressed will cause the corresponding relay to close.
- 4. LINE A lights indicates which LINE A relay is closed.
- 5. REMOTE light is illuminated when the scanner is in bus control. The front panel push-buttons are inoperative.
- 6. LOCAL Light is illuminated when the scanner is in front panel (local) control.
- 7. Cover Plate (installed over unused channels 9 16 for 8 channel option)



3.2. REAR PANEL CONNECTIONS

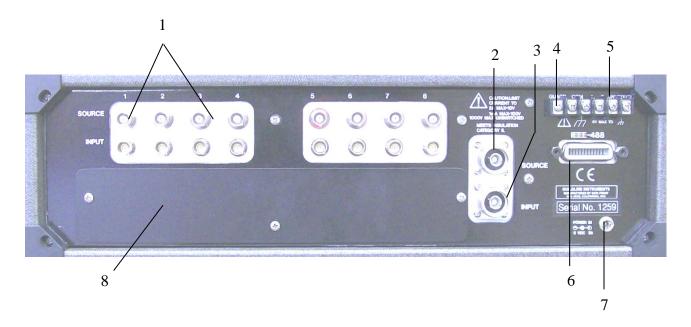


Figure 3-2 Rear Panel Guildline Model 6564

- 1. SCANNER INPUTS Terminal inputs, Connect BNC terminals to one side of units under test and Triax terminals to the opposite side of the units under test. Numbers correspond to front panel relay numbers.
- 2. SOURCE OUTPUT Connect to source input of teraohmmeter.
- 3. LOW CURRENT OUTPUTS Connect to low current input of teraohmmeter.
- 4. GUARD Connected to chassis at relay isothermal box.
- 5. PROTECT CIRCUIT Connect to same terminals on other scanners. Provides protection for standards in a multiple scanner system. See Section 3.9 for details.
- 6. INTERFACE BUS IEEE-488 bus connector used to connect scanner to controller.
- 7. 5V DC POWER INPUT from external power supply.
- 8. Cover Plate (installed over unused channels 9 16 for 8 channel option)





3.3. FRONT PANEL OPERATION

The scanner must be in local mode (LOCAL light on) to operate from the front panel. To connect one of the channel inputs to the output proceed as follows:

- a. Press and hold down the CHANNEL push-button. This will cause any previously closed relay on the CHANNEL to be cleared.
- b. Press the numbered push-button corresponding to the input to be connected. This will cause the relay to actuate connecting the input line to the CHANNEL output and also turn on the appropriate light.

NOTE: The push-buttons can be depressed in either order and the end result will be the same; that is, any previously closed relay will be opened and the desired relay will be closed. The important thing is that two push-buttons must be pressed for any relay to close.

3.4. ADDRESS SELECTION

The IEEE-488 bus address of the scanner is selected by the "DIP" switches located on the interface board under the top cover. The five switches labelled 1 through 5 are used to select a unique address. The scanner normally leaves the factory with the switches set to a bus address of 5. When two scanners are ordered, addresses are set to 5 and 6. Switch No. 6 is used to lock the scanner in remote only. The following table lists the address codes and corresponding switch settings:



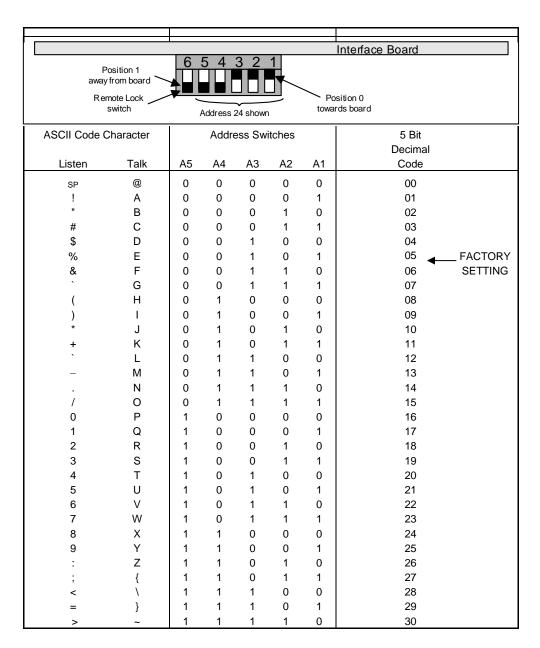


Table 3-1: Bus Address



3.5. OPERATION FROM INTERFACE BUS

The interface circuit is designed to accept coded data sent over the bus to actuate the relays. To operate with the bus the scanner must be set to a usable address and must be connected to the controller using a 24 pin IEEE-488 cable (not supplied).

The scanner was set at the factory for bus address 5, while all the examples that follow assume 24 as the address. The address can be easily changed if necessary by means of a "DIP" switch on the interface board located under the top cover. Refer to paragraph 3.4 for the procedure to change the bus address.

To actuate a relay the bus interface must first receive the correct address, then a three character ASCII codes designating the relay, and then a carriage return/line feed. For example using an HTBasic computer, the statement:

Would cause any relay on the CHANNEL to be cleared, and then relay number 1 to be closed. In this example

- 7 is the controller IO address,
- 24 is the scanner address and

A01 is the code for relay 1 on the CHANNEL

Note that each actuation must be a separately addressed statement. For example, the following is not valid:

Note also that a delay of at least 200 milliseconds must occur between any two actuations to allow the relays to complete their operation.

Programming languages such as LabVIEW® that do not automatically add a carriage return/line feed at the end of the command will require a CR/LF or simply a fourth alphanumeric character to be added to the command when addressing the scanner. The following examples use a space as the fourth character or the CR/LF.

IBWRT "A01 "





3.6. SAMPLE PROGRAMS

The following program will exercise the scanner relays 1 through 16 and leave the line clear. This program is for HTBasic computers with the scanner address set to 724.

10 ! SCANNER TEST 20 DIM Relay\$[16] 30 Relay\$="01020304050607080910111213141516" FOR I = 1 TO 16 40 OUTPUT 724;"A"&Relay\$[2*I-1,2*I] 50 ! CLOSES A RELAY 60 WAIT.2 70 NEXT I 80 OUTPUT 724;"A00" ! CLEARS CHANNEL 90 **END**

Note: A Wait of at least 200 milliseconds is required between relay actuations to allow time for the relay circuits to actuate.

The second program example has exactly the same result as the first program listed above but uses string output statements. The formatted output statement is used to assure the first character that the scanner sees (after the address) is the line code and the next two characters are the relay code.

10 ! SCANNER TEST 30 FOR I = 1 TO 16 40 OUTPUT Code\$ USING "A,ZZ";"A",I ! SETS CODE 50 OUTPUT 724; Code\$! CLOSES A RELAY 60 WAIT.2 NEXT I 100 PRINT "A00" 110 ! CLEARS CHANNEL 140 **END**





3.7. REMOTE LOCK

The push-buttons can be locked out when it is desired to prevent tampering from the front panel. Position No. 6 of the "DIP" switch located on the Interface printed circuit board is used to lock the scanner in remote only. If the switch is the "O" position (towards the PC board) the REMOTE light will be on and the front panel push-buttons will not operate. The scanner can only be actuated by the bus in the usual manner. The scanner address must still be used in the output command to actuate the relays.

3.8. STANDARD PROTECTION FOR MULTIPLE SCANNERS

The protection feature can be extended to multiple scanners in a large system by means of the rear panel PROTECT terminal. The protection circuit prevents more than one relay on either scanner CHANNEL from being closed at the same time that prevents standards from being shorted together. Each relay has a contact that closes when the relay is in the open position. These contacts must all be closed (relays open) for the logic circuit to allow a close pulse to be sent out. This protection can be extended to more than one scanner in a large system by connecting the PROTECT terminals together. The PROTECT terminal is connected to an open collector TTL gate on the control board. When all relays are open the terminal will be high (5 volts through 10k ohm), and when any relay is closed the terminal will be low (near 0 volts). Connecting either terminal to COM will prevent any relay on that line from being activated.

To extend this protection feature when two or more scanners are used in a system, connect all PROTECT terminals together, and all PROTECT COM terminals together.



4. THEORY OF OPERATION

4.1. INTRODUCTION

Guildline High Resistance Scanners with extremely low leakage are ideal for automating precision high resistance and low current measurements to ppm accuracy. This versatile scanner a set of shielded high isolation output lines that make it suitable for these applications. It can be used for automation of High Resistance transfers, measurements, and comparing current sources.

4.2. HIGH ISOLATION LOW NOISE DESIGN

Special care has been taken to minimize current leakage and susceptibility to noise. The switches used are latching relays requiring only a short pulse to actuate, and thus no self-heating occurs.

Relays are hermetically sealed and make connection by for the high and low side of any input on separate isolated PCB to ensure high isolation and low leakage.

Switching assemblies with eight relays to a PC board are housed in a heavy machined aluminum box. This isothermal enclosure helps to maintain a uniform temperature at each of the relay contacts and provide an excellent EMI shield for low current measurement.

The printed circuit edge connectors carry only the relay coil and panel light circuits. All the channel input lines are soldered to the relay boards directly to prevent the thermal and noise voltages caused by connectors.

4.3. LOGIC CIRCUITS

The scanner is designed to allow easy operation from both the IEEE-488 Bus and the front panel. The information from the bus is in binary form sent serially, one ASCII character at a time. This serial format is changed to a parallel format by means of a decoder ROM on the interface board as can be seen in Figure 4.1.

To allow the system to operate from the front panel, the push-button data is converted to a form identical to binary data from the bus interface circuit. A selector at this point switches between bus and push-button operation. A 6-to-64 line decoder after the selector converts the 6-bit parallel data to a single line output which actuates one of the relay coil drivers.



4.4. PROTECTION FOR DEVICES CONNECTED TO THE SCANNER

Some devices such as standard cells can be damaged if two relays on the same output line are closed at the same time. The Guildline Instrument Limited scanners have three methods to protected devices connected to the scanner inputs.

Two of the three protection schemes can be seen in Figure 4.1. The first one is in the logic itself. The data at the selector is in six bit binary. Thus only one of the 64 relays can be activated for any possible combination of the six input lines. If a failure should occur in the bus interface, encoder or selector circuits, or if an incorrect message is sent over the bus, no devices will be damaged because only one relay can be closed.

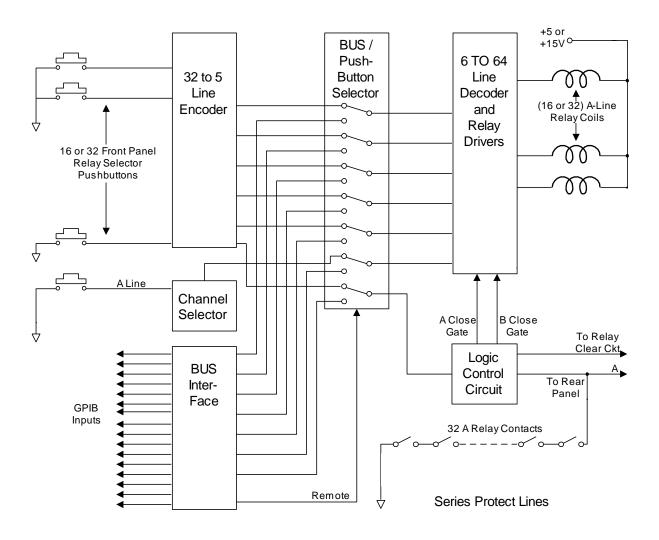


Figure 4-1: Functional Diagram of Scanner





The second method for protection is the 'close gate' lines to the decoder circuits. The control circuit will allow these gates to open only if the series protection line is complete to ground. One of the contacts on each relay is connected in series, and will complete the series protection circuit only if all the relays on the line are in the clear position. Thus, no relay on the CHANNEL can be closed if any other relay on the CHANNEL is already closed. These series protection lines are brought out to terminals on the rear panel. Thus if more than one scanner is used in a large system and these terminals are connected together, all units in the system will be protected.

The third protection mechanism to protect devices from damage is not shown on the diagram but is part of the control logic circuit. This is the requirement that two push-buttons on the front panel must be pressed at the same time for any relay to actuate. These would be the CHANNEL button and any of the 16 relay selector push-buttons. This is to help prevent accidental operation. It takes two hands to operate the scanner from the front panel.



5. MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

5.1. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

There are no adjustments or controls in the scanner. Each relay should be operated at least a 10 times in a given month to ensure they do not become stuck in a fixed position and that the contacts are kept clean.

5.2. UNSTABLE READINGS

The most common cause for unstable readings is poor connections between the units being measured and the scanner inputs. Loose connections or leads that are oxidized or unclean will cause unstable readings. The leads should be shiny and can be restored by lightly sanding with fine sandpaper and/or cleaning with isopropyl alcohol. Periodic cleaning of the leads and tightening connections may improve your readings. Ideally gold flashed copper banana jacks should be used for connection to scanner terminals for best contact quality and reliability.

Scanner channels that are used less than once a month may develop a film on the relay contacts. The relay contacts are wiped clean each time they are used; however, if a relay is not used for a while the film may not be wiped clean with only one closing of the relay. Infrequently used relays should be switched on and off a few times before use. This can be done from the front panel or by using the Relay Exercise routine in the TeraCal software program.

5.3. RELAY FAILURES

Relay failure is just about the only cause of scanner malfunction. All relays are carefully adjusted and very thoroughly screened. Improved relay drive circuits have minimized but not yet completely eliminated these failures. The channel indicator light staying on or off can identify a bad relay that will not open or close.

Note: If one relay hangs up on the closed position, no other relays in the line can be closed. The protect circuit prevents more than one relay on a line from closing. See section 4.5 for protect circuit.



5.4. LOCATING THE RELAY CHANNELS

When the cover of the isothermal box is removed, the relay boards can be seen. Each board holds four CHANNEL relays. Refer to figure 5.1. The CHANNEL relays are along the top of the board for easy access. The first relay is at the end of the board closest to the rear panel. Channels one through four are on the board closest to the power transformer. The next board has channels five through eight and so on.

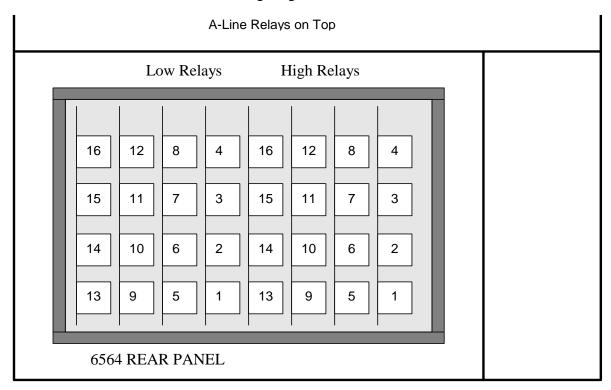


Figure 5-1 Relay Locations (Top View)



6. CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS AND REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

6.1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains circuit diagrams and information for ordering replacement parts. For each circuit board there is a circuit diagram, a component location diagram and a parts list. There is also a list of general parts that are located on the chassis and the rear panel.

6.2. ORDERING INFORMATION

To obtain parts directly from the factory, send an order to the address shown on page 7.1 of this manual. Identify parts by their part number as shown on the following pages. Include the instrument model and serial numbers as well as the part description.



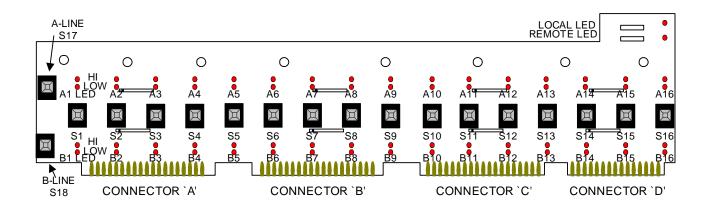


6.3. CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS AND PARTS LISTS

DEAD DANIEL DADTO LICT			
LOCATOR	REAR PANEL PARTS LIST		
LOCATOR NUMBER	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION	
6	50-17	POWER JACK CONNECTOR	
1	51-01	LOW THERMAL BINDING POST, BLACK	
		(Tellurium copper gold flashed)	
2	51-02	LOW THERMAL BINDING POST, RED	
3	51-03	(Tellurium copper gold flashed) BINDING POST MOUNTING BASE	
3	51-03	BINDING POST MOUNTING BASE	
4	51-04	TERMINAL BLOCK , 4 CONDUCTOR	
5	50-11	IEEE-488 BUS CONNECTOR	
	00 11	TEEL 400 BOO CONNECTOR	
	MOTHER BOARD (NOT SHOWN)		
	320-000	Mother Board	
	50-04	PC CONNECTOR, 15 PIN	
	50-05	PC CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	
	50-06	PC CONNECTOR, 22 PIN	
	50-09	PC CONNECTOR, 30 PIN	
	51-04	FLAT CABLE CONNECTOR, 24 PIN	
	81-14	FLAT CABLE, 28 AWG, 24 COND	



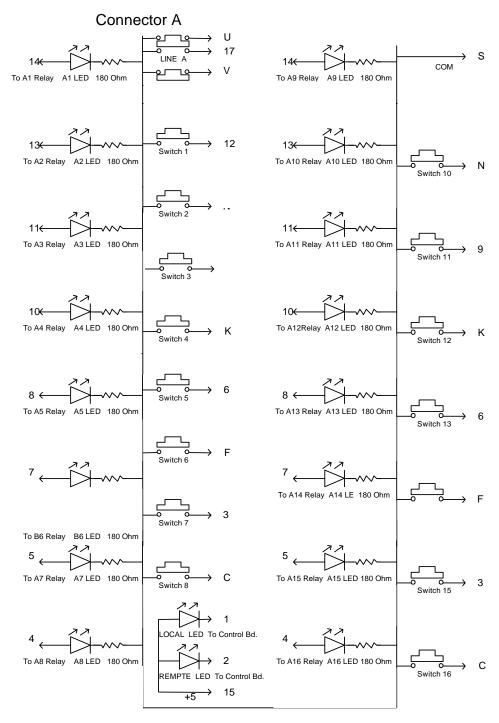




SWITCH BOARDS (ALL) PARTS LIST			
CIRCUIT DESIG.	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION	
all LED's	23-01	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, Red	
SWITCHES	31-02	SWITCH, Pushbutton, SPDT	
R1,R2	68-05	RESISTOR NETWORK, 9x180 ohm, Cermet SIP	
R3,R4	69-03	RESISTOR, FXD, 1Kohm, .0125W, 1% Met film	

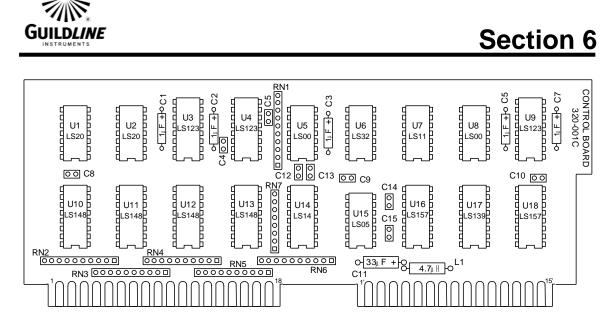


6564 FRONT PANEL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM







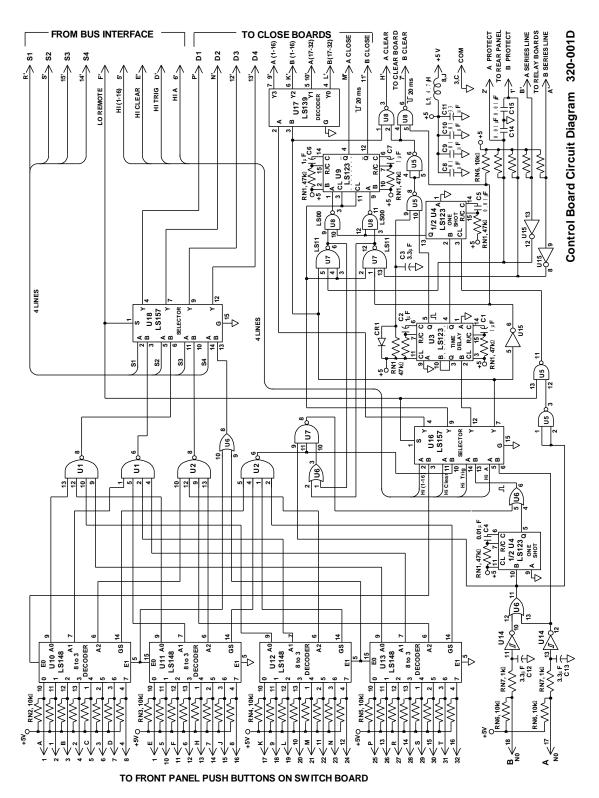


CONTROL BOARD COMPONENT LOCATIONS

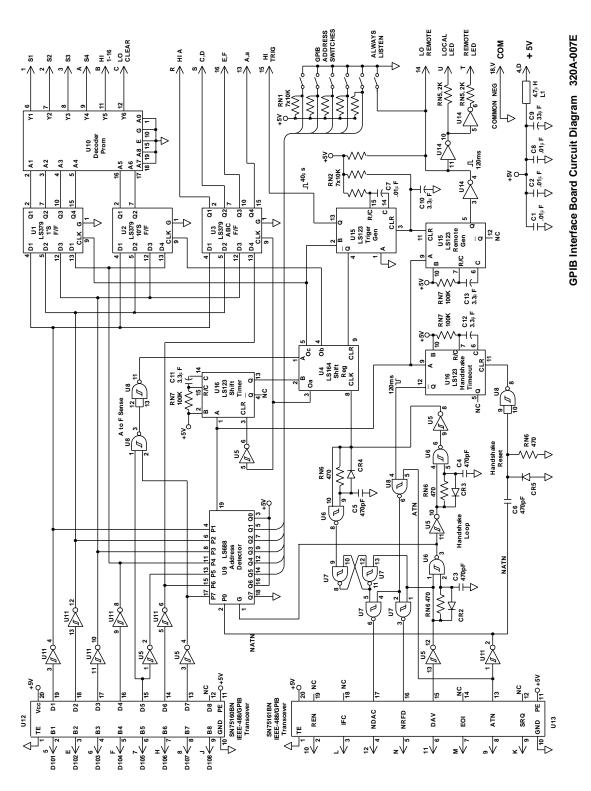
CONTROL BOARD CIRCUIT PARTS LIST		
CIRCUIT DESIGN.	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION
DESIGN. C4,5,8-10,12-15 C1,2,3,6,7 C11 L1 RN1 RN2,3,4,5,6 RN7 U1,2 U3,4,9 U5,8 U6 U7 U10-13 U14	16-02 18-01 18-04 46-01 68-06 68-03 68-10 20-06 20-10 20-02 20-07 20-04 20-13 20-05	CAPACITOR, FXD, .01 uFd 50VDC, 10%, Monolithic CAPACITOR, FXD, 1 uFd 15VDC, 10%, Electrolytic CAPACITOR, FXD, 33 uFd 10VDC, 10%, Electrolytic INDUCTOR, FXD, 4.7uH RESISTOR, NETWORK, 9x47Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP RESISTOR, NETWORK,9x10Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP RESISTOR, NETWORK,4x1Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP IC,DUAL 4-Input NAND Gate, 74LS20 IC,DUAL Monostable MULTIVIBRATOR, 74LS123 IC,QUAD 2-Input OR Gate, 74LS32 IC,TRIPLE 3-Input AND Gate, 74LS11 IC,8-TO-3 Line ENCODER, 74LS148 IC,HEX Schmitt Trigger INVENTOR,, LS14
U15 U16,18	20-03 20-15	IC,HEX INVENTOR, 74LS05 IC,QUAD 2-Input DATA SELECTOR, 74LS157
U17	20-12	IC,2-TO-4 Line DECODER, 74LS139







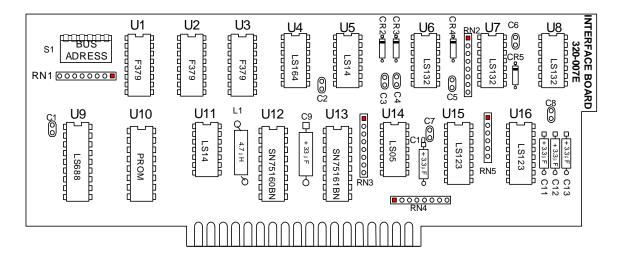
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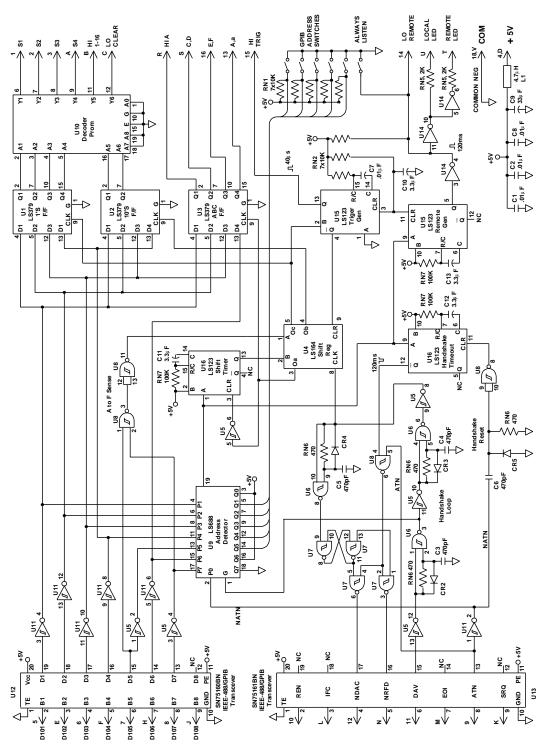




INTERFACE BOARD COMPONENT LOCATIONS

	INTERFACE BOARD CIRCUIT PARTS LIST		
CIRCUIT	PART	PARTS	
DESIGN.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
C3,4,5,6	16-01	CAPACITOR, FXD, 470 pf 50VDC, 5%, Monolithic	
C1,2,7,8	16-02	CAPACITOR, FXD, .01 uFd 50VDC, 10%, Monolithic	
C9	18-04	CAPACITOR, FXD, .33 uFd 10VDC, 10%, Tantalum	
C10-13	18-02	CAPACITOR, FXD, 3.3 uFd 15 VDC, 10%, Tantalum	
CR2-5	22-01	DIODE, 50VPIV, 200mA, 1N4150	
L1	46-01	INDUCTOR,FXD,4.7uH	
RN1,3	68-02	RESISTOR, NETWORK,7x10Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP	
RN2	68-11	RESISTOR, NETWORK,4x470Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP	
RN4	68-12	RESISTOR, NETWORK,4x2.2Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP	
RN5	68-08	RESISTOR, NETWORK,5x100Kohm, 2% Cermet, SIP	
S1	31-05	SWITCH,SIP,6 Position	
U1-3	20-18	IC,QUAD D-Type FLIP-FLOP, LS379	
U4	20-16	IC,8-BIT SHIFT REGISTER, LS164	
U5,11	20-05	IC,HEX Schmitt Trigger INVENTOR,, LS14	
U6,7,8	20-11	IC,QUAD 2-Input Schmitt Trig NAND, 74LS132	
U9	20-19	IC,8-BIT MAGNITUDE COMPARATOR, LS688	
U10	20-20	MEMORY CIRCUIT, 512x8, Programed	
U11	20-23	TRANSCEVER, IEEE-488, SN75160BN	
U12	20-24	TRANSCEVER, IEEE-488, SN75161BN	
U14	20-03	IC,HEX INVENTOR, Open Col. Output, LS05	
U15,16	20-10	IC,DUAL Monostable MULTIVIBRATOR, LS123	

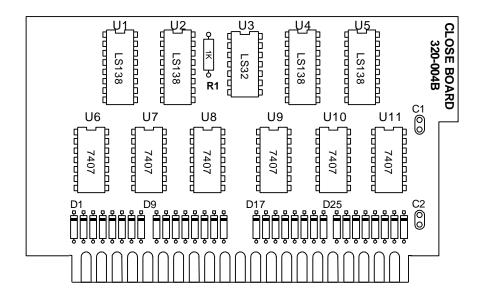




GPIB Interface Board Curcuit Diagram 320A-007E







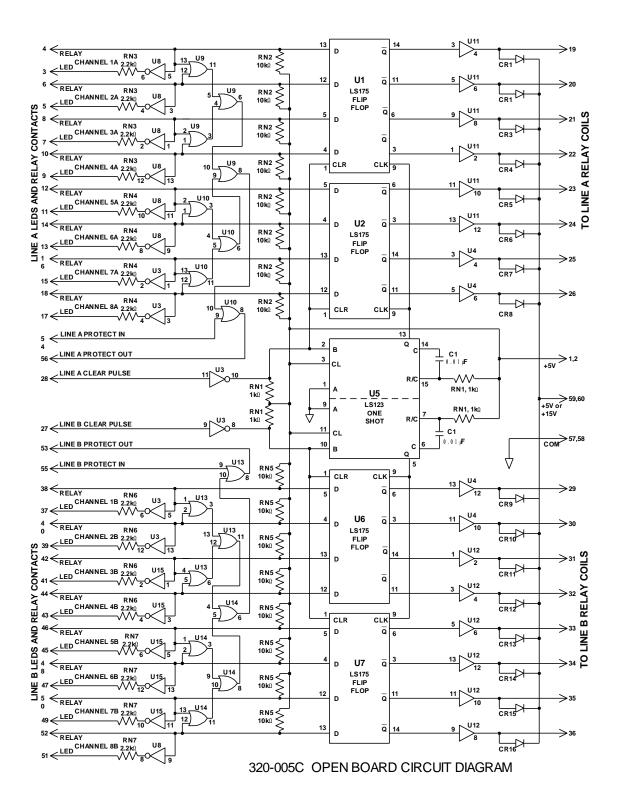
CLOSE BOARD COMPONENT LOCATIONS

Notes: Two close boards are used in Model 6564 Diodes (CR1-CR32) not used with +5V relays

CLOSE CIRCUIT PARTS LIST		
CIRCUIT DESIG.	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION
C1,C2	16-02	CAPACITOR, FXD, .01 uFd 50VDC, 10%, Monolithic
R1	69-03	RESISTOR, FXD, 1Kohm, .0125W, 1% Met film
CR1- CR32	22-01	DIODE, 50VPIV, 200mA, 1N4150
U1,2,4,5	20-22	3-TO-8 LINE DECODER, 74LS138N
U3	20-07	QUAD 2-Input OR gate, 74LS32N
U6-U11	20-01	Hex BUFFER, Open Collector, 7407

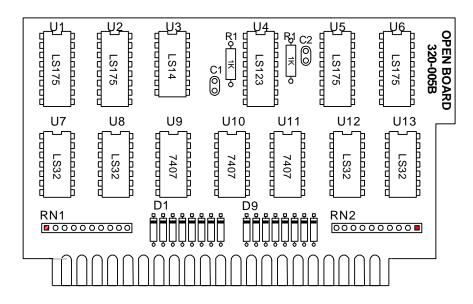












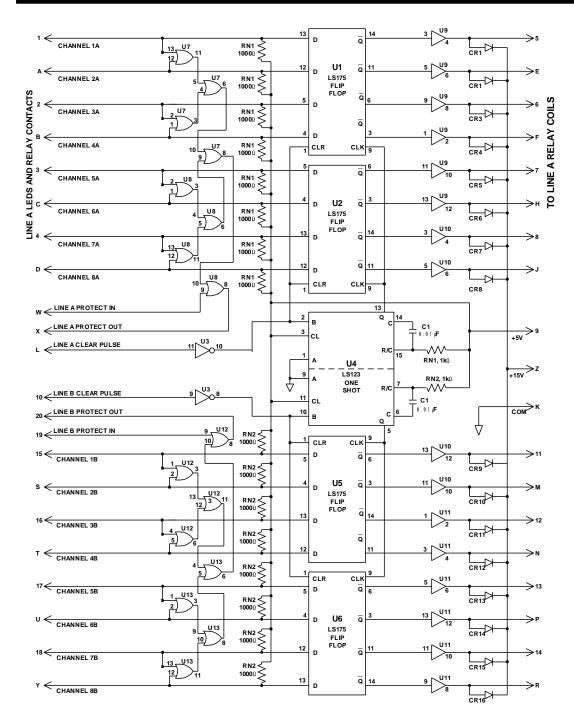
OPEN BOARD COMPONENT LOCATIONS

Notes: Four Open Boards are used in Model 6564 Diodes (D1-D16) not used with +5V relays

	OPEN CIRCUIT PARTS LIST (Rev. B)		
CIRCUIT DESIG.	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION	
C1,C2	16-02	CAPACITOR, FXD, .01 uFd 50VDC, 10%, Monolithic	
RN1,RN2	68-01	RESISTOR NETWORK, 9x1 Kohm, Cermet SIP	
R1,R2	69-03	RESISTOR, FXD, 1Kohm, .0125W, 1% Met film	
D1-D16	22-01	DIODE, 50VPIV, 200mA, 1N4150	
U1,2,5,6	20-21	Quad D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP, 74LS175N	
U3	20-05	Hex INVERTOR, 74LS14N	
U4	20-10	MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR, 74LS123N	
U7,8,12,13	20-07	QUAD 2-Input OR gate, 74LS32N	
U9,10,11	20-01	Hex BUFFER, Open Collector, 7407	



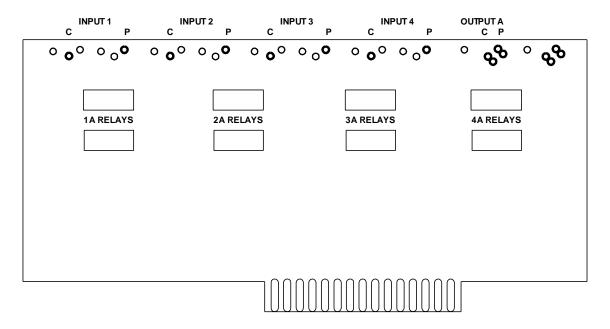




OPEN BOARD CIRCUIT DIAGRAM 320-005B







RELAY BOARD COMPONENT LOCATIONS

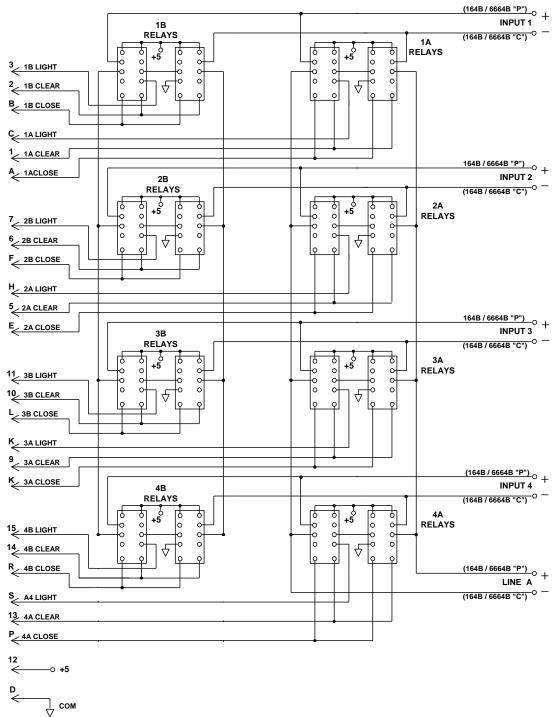
Notes:

- 1. Each Board holds latching relays for four channels of low thermal inputs.
- 2. Four or eight boards are used depending on the model
- 3. These boards are located under the top of the isothermal box.

RELAY BOARD PARTS LIST			
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	PART NUMBER	PARTS DESCRIPTION	
All PARTS	49-04	RELAY, LATCHING 2 AMP, 5 VOLT	



Section 6



RELAY CIRCUIT BOARD, Connection for 2 Amp Relays



7. DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

(According to ISO/IEC Guide and EN 54014)

Manufacturer's Name: Guildline Instruments Limited

Manufacturer's Address: 21 Gilroy St.

Smiths Falls, Ont. K7A4S9

Declares, the product

Product Name: High Resistance Scanner

Model Numbers: 6564

Product Options: All Options

Conforms to the following Product Specifications

EMC: EN50081-1 (1992)/EN55022 Class B

EN50082-2 (1992) / IEC 801-2 (1984) EN50082-2 (1992) / IEC 801-3 (1984) EN50082-2 (1992) / IEC 801-4 (1988)

SAFETY: EN 61010-1:1993/1995

Supplementary Information: The Product herewith complies with the requirements of the

EMC Directive 89 / 336 / EEC.

January 10, 1996 & May 15, 1997

Note: The declaration of conformity applies only to scanners with the CE Mark on the rear panel.